AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently amended): A hologram record carrier having a substrate and a reflective

layer, wherein recording or reproducing of information is performed by light irradiation,

characterized by comprising:

a holographic recording layer that reserves an optical interference pattern comprising

components of coherent reference light and signal light as a diffractive grating therein; and

a two-dimensional recording layer that is laminated in a film thickness direction of the

holographic recording layer and whose physical property changes in response to light intensity,

wherein the optical interference pattern is produced by a first light beam so that a

hologram is recorded, and the two-dimensional recording layer senses a second light beam so

that a mark is recorded according to change of the physical property, and

wherein the recorded mark of the two-dimensional recording layer includes information

for a servo control which causes the second light beam to track movement of the hologram

record carrier by focusing the second light beam on the two-dimensional recording layer to

detect returning light of the second light beam.

2. (Canceled).

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3. (Previously presented): The hologram record carrier according to claim 1, wherein the

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holographic recording layer has a sensitivity to a wavelength of the first light beam higher than

that to a wavelength of the second light beam, and the two-dimensional recording layer is a

phase-change film, a pigmented coat, or a magneto-optical recording film where a sensitivity to a

wavelength of the second light beam is set to be higher than a sensitivity to a wavelength of the

first light beam.

4-5. (Canceled).

6. (Previously presented): The hologram record carrier according to claim 1, wherein an

end mark indicating an end of the hologram or a group of the holograms recorded on the

holographic recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional recording layer

laminated on a portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the hologram or the

group of the holograms.

7. (Previously presented): The hologram record carrier according to claim 1, wherein an

address mark indicating an address of the hologram or a group of the holograms recorded on the

holographic recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional recording layer

laminated on a portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the hologram or the

group of the holograms.

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8. (Previously presented): The hologram record carrier according to claim 1, wherein a

relational mark indicating information relating to the hologram or a group of the holograms

recorded on the holographic recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional

recording layer laminated on a portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the

hologram or the group of the holograms.

9. (Previously presented): The hologram record carrier according to claim 1, wherein the

reflective layer has tracks extending such that they separate from each other without crossing one

another for tracking a spot of the light beam that passes from an objective lens through the

holographic recording layer and the two-dimensional recording layer to be focused.

10. (Previously presented): The hologram record carrier according to claim 1, wherein

the tracks are formed spirally, in a spiral arc shape, or concentrically.

11. (Previously presented): The hologram record carrier according to claim 1, wherein

the tracks are formed in parallel.

12. (Withdrawn): A hologram apparatus of a hologram record carrier having a substrate,

a reflective layer, a holographic recording layer that reserves an optical interference pattern

comprising components of coherent reference light and signal light as a diffractive grating

therein, and a two-dimensional recording layer that is laminated in a film thickness direction of

the holographic recording layer and whose physical property changes in response to light

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intensity, where recording or reproducing information of a diffractive grating is performed by

light irradiation, characterized by comprising:

servo control for causing a light beam to track movement of the hologram record carrier

is performed by focusing the light beam on the two-dimensional recording layer to detect

returning light of the light beam, and recording or reproducing of a mark is performed on the

two-dimensional recording layer by the light beam.

13. (Withdrawn): The hologram apparatus according to claim 12, further comprising

first and second light source, first and second drive circuits that supply data to be recorded on the

holographic recording layer and the two-dimensional recording layer to the first and second light

sources, respectively, and an optical system including an objective lens that irradiates the light

beams from the first and second light sources on the hologram record carrier approximately

coaxially and supplies returning light from the hologram record carrier to a corresponding

detecting unit, wherein the optical interference pattern is produced by a light beam from the first

light source so that a hologram is recorded, and the two-dimensional recording layer senses a

light beam from the second light source so that a mark is recorded according to change of the

physical property.

14. (Withdrawn): The hologram apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the optical

system includes a spatial light modulator that produces signal light by modulating a light beam

from the first light source as reference light in response to record information spatially, and an

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optical system for merging the reference light and the signal light approximately coaxially is

provided.

15. (Withdrawn): The hologram apparatus according to claim 12, wherein an end mark

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indicating an end of the hologram or a group of the holograms to be recorded on the holographic

recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional recording layer laminated on a

portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the hologram or the group of the

holograms as the mark.

16. (Withdrawn): The hologram apparatus according to claim 12, wherein an address

mark indicating an address of the hologram or a group of the holograms to be recorded on the

holographic recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional recording layer

laminated on a portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the hologram or the

group of the holograms as the mark.

17. (Withdrawn): The hologram apparatus according to claim 12, wherein a relational

mark indicating information relating to the hologram or a group of the holograms to be recorded

on the holographic recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional recording

layer laminated on a portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the hologram or

the group of the holograms as the mark.

18. (Withdrawn): A recording method of a hologram record carrier having a substrate, a

reflective layer, a holographic recording layer that reserves an optical interference pattern

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comprising components of coherent reference light and signal light as a diffractive grating

therein, and a two-dimensional recording layer that is laminated in a film thickness direction of

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the holographic recording layer and whose physical property changes in response to light

intensity, where recording of information is performed by light irradiation, characterized by

comprising:

servo control for causing a light beam to track movement of the hologram record carrier

is performed by focusing the light beam on the two-dimensional recording layer to detect

returning light of the light beam, and recording of a mark is performed on the two-dimensional

recording layer by the light beam.

19. (Withdrawn): The recording method according to claim 18, wherein the light beam

includes first and second light beams irradiated on the hologram record carrier approximately

coaxially, and the light interference pattern is produced by the first light beam, and the two-

dimensional recording layer senses the second light beam.

20. (Withdrawn): The recording method according to claim 19, wherein the first light

beam is produced by producing signal light by a spatial light modulator that modulates reference

light from the first light source spatially according to record information and merging the

reference light and the signal light approximately coaxially.

21. (Withdrawn): The recording method according to claim 18, wherein an end mark

indicating an end of the hologram or a group of the holograms to be recorded on the holographic

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recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional recording layer laminated on a

portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the hologram or the group of the

holograms as the mark.

22. (Withdrawn): The recording method according to claim 18, wherein an address mark

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indicating an address of the hologram or a group of the holograms to be recorded on the

holographic recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional recording layer

laminated on a portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the hologram or the

group of the holograms as the mark.

23. (Withdrawn): The recording method according to claim 1, wherein a relational mark

indicating information relating to the hologram or a group of the holograms to be recorded on the

holographic recording layer is recorded at a portion of the two-dimensional recording layer

laminated on a portion of the holographic recording layer recorded with the hologram or the

group of the holograms as the mark.

24. (Withdrawn): A reproducing method of a hologram record carrier that comprises a

substrate, a reflective layer, a holographic recording layer that reserves an optical interference

pattern comprising components of coherent reference light and signal light as a diffractive

grating therein, and a two-dimensional recording layer that is laminated in a film thickness

direction of the holographic recording layer and whose physical property changes in response to

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light intensity, where mark has been recorded on the two-dimensional recording layer by light

irradiation, wherein

servo control for causing a light beam to track movement of the hologram record carrier

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is performed by focusing the light beam on the two-dimensional recording layer to detect

returning light of the light beam, and information is reproduced from the mark of the two-

dimensional recording layer by the light beam.

25. (Withdrawn): The reproducing method according to claim 24, wherein the light

beam includes first and second light beams irradiated on the hologram record carrier

approximately coaxially, information from the light interference pattern is reproduced by the first

light beam, and the two-dimensional recording layer senses the second light beam so that

information from the two-dimensional recording layer is reproduced by the second light beam.